## Domingue v Landry (2003) SLR 148

Danny LUCAS for the Plaintiff
Jacques HODOUL for the Defendant

## Ruling on admissibility of oral evidence delivered on 31 Jai

2003 by:

**JUDDOO J:** The Plaintiff claims from the Defendant loss and c agreement whereby the parties jointly invested towards the c house.

jes pertaining to an action of a dwelling

The Plaintiff seeks to adduce oral evidence in support of the parties. On behalf of the Defendant, objection has been rais 1341 of the Civil Code of Seychelles which prohibits the admiss an agreement where the subject matter exceeds R5,000.

ement between the ereto under Article of oral evidence of

It admitted in the present case that both parties have lived in until 4 January 2001 and that they have a child from their relations 1995. The agreement between the parties was within the together.

ubinage from 1994 born on 29 March od they cohabited

Under Article 1348 of the Civil Code of Seychelles, the rules inapplicable whenever it is not possible for the creditor to ol obligation towards him. On the basis of case law, the principle written proof has been extended to moral impossibility. In *Vido* 279 this Court stated (Alleear.J as he then was):

er Article 1341 are written proof of an possibility to secure adayachy 1990 SLR

Jurisprudence has extended the principle of impossibility proof to moral impossibility. Such moral impossibility n relationship between the parties: eg

ecure written ise from the

- (a) Family relationship, husband and wife, parent a and sisters.
- nild, brothers

- (b) Ties of affection.
- (c) Relationship as friends.
- (d) Relationship of trust between master and servant.

Proceeding from the above premise, the Court was satisfied that a special relationship existed between the Defendant and the Plaintiff who was the common law wife of the Defendant's brother. The Court held that it was not possible for a loan agreement between the parties to be reduced in writing and allowed oral evidence in support thereof.

On the facts of the present case, the parties lived together as husband and wife as from 1994 and even had a child in 1995. They lived intimately until January 2001. During

the time they lived together, it is averred that they had reached agreement as to the construction of a dwelling house. In the circumstances of the case, I find their relationship to be so intimate and close that it prevented the Plaintiff from obtaining written proof of the transaction. Accordingly, the objection is set aside and the Plaintiff is allowed to adduce oral evidence in support of the transaction.

Record: Civil Side No 204 of 2001